

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) A method of determining a gate oxide thickness of an operational MOSFET (metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor) fabricated with a gate oxide formation process, comprising:

- a) providing said operational MOSFET fabricated with said gate oxide formation process;
- b) coupling a drain node and a source node of said operational MOSFET to a ground;
- c) applying a range of voltages at a gate node of said operational MOSFET and measuring at said gate node a gate direct tunneling current for each applied voltage to generate a plurality of measured data;
- d) providing a gate direct tunneling current model; and
- e) determining said gate oxide thickness by fitting said gate direct tunneling current model to said measured data and using a gate oxide thickness variable as a fitting parameter.

2. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein said gate oxide thickness is no less than approximately 3 nanometers.

3. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein said gate oxide thickness is no greater than approximately 3 nanometers.

4. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein a channel length of said operational MOSFET is no less than approximately 0.5 micrometers.

5. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein a channel length of said operational MOSFET is no greater than approximately 0.5 micrometers.

6. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein a channel width of said operational MOSFET is no less than approximately 5 micrometers.

7. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein a channel width of said operational MOSFET is no greater than approximately 5 micrometers.

8. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein in said step c) said operational MOSFET is operated in an inversion mode by application of a particular range of voltages at said gate node.

9. (Original) A method as recited in Claim 1 wherein said gate direct tunneling current model includes a value representing reflectivity of an electron from an inversion layer due to a gate oxide energy barrier.

10. (Withdrawn) A method of determining a gate oxide thickness of an operational NMOSFET (n-type metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor), comprising:

- a) coupling a drain node and a source node of said operational NMOSFET to a ground;
- b) applying a range of voltages at a gate node of said operational NMOSFET and measuring at said gate node a gate direct tunneling current for each applied voltage to generate a plurality of measured data;
- c) providing a gate direct tunneling current model; and
- d) determining said gate oxide thickness by fitting said gate direct tunneling current model to said measured data and using a gate oxide thickness variable as a fitting parameter.

11. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein said gate oxide thickness is no less than approximately 3 nanometers.

12. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein said gate oxide thickness is no greater than approximately 3 nanometers.

13. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein a channel length of said operational NMOSFET is no less than approximately 0.5 micrometers.

14. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein a channel length of said operational NMOSFET is no greater than approximately 0.5 micrometers.

15. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein a channel width of said operational NMOSFET is no less than approximately 5 micrometers.

16. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein a channel width of said operational NMOSFET is no greater than approximately 5 micrometers.

17. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein in said step b) said operational NMOSFET is operated in an inversion mode by application of a particular range of voltages at said gate node.

18. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein said gate direct tunneling current model includes a value representing reflectivity of an electron from an inversion layer due to a gate oxide energy barrier.

19. (Withdrawn) A system for determining a gate oxide thickness, comprising:

an operational MOSFET (metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor) fabricated with a gate oxide formation process, said operational MOSFET including a drain node coupled to a ground, a source node coupled to

said ground, and a gate node, wherein a range of voltages are applied at said gate node and a gate direct tunneling current is measured at said gate node for each applied voltage to generate a plurality of measured data; and

a data processor for determining said gate oxide thickness by fitting a gate direct tunneling current model to said measured data and using a gate oxide thickness variable as a fitting parameter.

20. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein said gate oxide thickness is no less than approximately 3 nanometers.

21. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein said gate oxide thickness is no greater than approximately 3 nanometers.

22. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein a channel length of said operational MOSFET is no less than approximately 0.5 micrometers.

23. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein a channel length of said operational MOSFET is no greater than approximately 0.5 micrometers.

24. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein a channel width of said operational MOSFET is no less than approximately 5 micrometers.

25. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein a channel width of said operational MOSFET is no greater than approximately 5 micrometers.

26. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein said operational MOSFET is operated in an inversion mode by application of a particular range of voltages at said gate node.

27. (Withdrawn) A system as recited in Claim 19 wherein said gate direct tunneling current model includes a value representing reflectivity of an electron from an inversion layer due to a gate oxide energy barrier.